## RECALL - X2 (DOUBLING)


Double 8 is $\square$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& -+\overline{+}=- \\
& -\times 2=-
\end{aligned}
$$

Double 11 is $\square$
Double 13 is $\square$
Double 15 is $\square$
Double 21 is $\square$
Double 24 is $\square$
Double 32 is $\square$
Double 43 is $\square$
Double 50 is $\square$
If you double any 1, 2 or 3 digit number, the answer is always even.

True or false? Investigate.

## RECALL - ANSWERS

Draw the same number of
spots on the other side of
the ladybird.
Double 5 is 10 Double 1 is 2
Double 6 is 12
$6+6=12$
$6 \times 2=12$

Double 7 is 14
$7+7=14$
$7 \times 2=14$

Double 8 is 16
$8+8=16$
$8 \times 2=16$
Double 9 is
$9+9=18$
$9 \times 2=18$
Double 10 is 20
$10+10=20$
$10 \times 2=20$

Double 11 is 22
Double 13 is26

Double 15 is
Double 21 is42

Double 24 is 48
Double 32 is 64
Double 43 is 86
Double 50 is 100
If you double any 1, 2 or 3 digit number, the answer is always even.

True or false? Investigate.


## MODELLED EXAMPLE

Sam sells bunches of 10 flowers for $£ 4$. He sells single flowers for 50p.


Three customers buy two bunches and 3 single flowers each.
$10+10+3=23$ flowers each.
How many did they buy altogether?

$$
3 \times 23=\square
$$

Act out the problems with equipment
Draw them pictorially.

## Working it out - dienes

Each person has 23 flowers.


## Times tables

$$
\begin{gathered}
3 \times 20=60 \\
3 \times 3=9 \\
\text { Add the totals. }
\end{gathered}
$$



## ANSWERS

| $\theta$ | 283 | $230$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Use dienes or counters to help you. | $\begin{gathered} 3 \times 11=33 \\ 3 \times 10=30 \\ 3 \times 1=3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \times 112=224 \\ 2 \times 100=200 \\ 2 \times 10=20 \\ 2 \times 2=4 \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 12=24 \\ & 2 \times 10=20 \\ & 2 \times 2=4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \times 13=39 \\ 3 \times 10=30 \\ 3 \times 3=9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \times 223=669 \\ 3 \times 200=600 \\ 3 \times 20=60 \\ 3 \times 3=9 \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 14=28 \\ & 2 \times 10=20 \\ & 2 \times 4=8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \times 22=66 \\ & 3 \times 20=60 \\ & 3 \times 2=6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \times 2211=8844 \\ 4 \times 2000=8000 \\ 4 \times 200=800 \\ 4 \times 10=40 \\ 4 \times 1=4 \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2 \times 23=46 \\ 2 \times 20=40 \\ 2 \times 3=6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \times 33=99 \\ 3 \times 30=90 \\ 3 \times 3=9 \end{gathered}$ |  |

## DIVE DEEPER 1

1 Four customers buy 12 flowers each. Finish off drawing the dienes beneath each person.


4 customers $\times 12$ flowers .


When I add these two totals, I get $\square$ .
Each pack of Fruit Pastilles have 21 sweets. How many would there be in three packs?

When I add these two totals, I get $\square$

Use the place value grid to work out $43 \times 2$. First, multiply the Tens, then the Units.
Finally, add the two totals.
$2 x$
$2 x$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$

| $T$ | $U$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0000 | 000 |
| 0000 | 000 |

Now solve $32 \times 3$ using the same process.
$3 \times$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
$3 x$ $\qquad$ $=$

| $T$ | $U$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 000 | 00 |
| 000 | 00 |
| 000 | 00 |

## ANSWERS

1 Four customers buy 12 flowers each. Finish off drawing the dienes beneath each person.


4 customers $\times 12$ flowers.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4 \times 10=40 \\
& 4 \times 2=8
\end{aligned}
$$

When I add these two totals, I get

Each pack of Fruit Pastilles have 21 sweets. How many would there be in three packs?
3 packs $\times 21$ sweets

$3 \times 1=$
3
When I add these two totals, I get

| $T$ | $U$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0000 | 000 |
| 0000 | 000 |

Now solve $32 \times 3$ using the same process.
$3 \times 30=90$

| $T$ | $U$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 000 | 00 |
| 000 | 00 |
| 000 | 00 |

Use the place value grid to work out $43 \times 2$. First, multiply the Tens, then the Units.
Finally, add the two totals.
$2 \times 40=80$
$2 \times 3=6$
$80+6=86$

Olive can solve these in her head without using equipment.


$$
\begin{gathered}
25 \times 2=50 \\
25 \times 3=75 \\
25 \times 4=100 \\
25 \times 5=125
\end{gathered}
$$

In order to work out $25 \times 3$, first I would times 20 by $3=60$. Then I would multiply 5 by 3 , which is 15 . Finally I would add these together so $60+15=75$.

## DIVE DEEPER 2

1 Four children go bowling. In total they knock down 48 skittles. If they knocked down an equal amount of skittles, how many skittles is this?


Show all of your workings out.


2 Each loaf of bread has 18 slices. How many slices would there be in three packs?

3 loaves $x$ $\square$ 18 slices


When I add the two totals together, I get
$\square$


## DIVE DEEPER 2

1 Four children go bowling. In total they knock down 48 skittles. If they knocked down an equal amount of skittles, how many skittles did each child knock down?


Show all of your workings out.
There are 21 chococolete bas in avending mactine. How many chocolde bars will therebein3 vending madcines?
Uset tis method to solve: $21 \times 4$ and $33 \times 3$


| $21 \times 4$ | $=84$ | $33 \times 3$ | $=99$ |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| $20 \times 4$ | $=80$ | $3 \times 3$ | $=9$ |
| $1 \times 4$ | $=4$ | $30 \times 3$ | $=90$ |

$23 \times 4=92$ this is the closest answer.
$24 \times 3=72$
$32 \times 4=128$
$34 \times 2=68$

Children may also use estimation as part of their reasoning. For example, 23 is near 25 and there are 4 lots of 25 in 100

