

Amir and Alex are working out $3\frac{1}{2} - 2\frac{1}{4}$

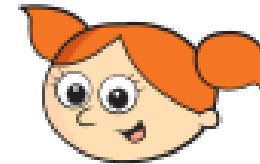


Amir

First subtract 2 from 3,
then subtract $\frac{1}{4}$ from $\frac{1}{2}$
That leaves $1\frac{1}{4}$

Convert to an improper
fraction first, $\frac{7}{2} - \frac{9}{4}$, then

$$\frac{14}{4} - \frac{9}{4} = \frac{5}{4} = 1\frac{1}{4}$$



Alex

RECALL



Complete the calculations.

Use bar models to help you.

a) $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = \square$

$3 \times \frac{1}{5} = \square$

b) $\frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \square$

$4 \times \frac{1}{7} = \square$

c) $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = \square$

$5 \times \frac{1}{8} = \square$

d) $\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{10} = \square$

$7 \times \frac{1}{10} = \square$

LO: Multiply non-unit fractions by an integer .

Some will even answer questions and spot patterns.

Some will use a number line to help them answer problems.

Most will match multiplying problems to addition problems.

All will use repeated addition to help them solve the problem.

LEARNING HABIT RESILIENCE. |





$$3 \times \frac{1}{8} = \boxed{}$$

$$3 \times \frac{1}{10} = \boxed{}$$



$$\frac{1}{8} \times 5 = \boxed{}$$

$$9 \times \frac{1}{10} = \boxed{}$$



$$\frac{1}{5} \times 4 = \boxed{}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \times 8 = \boxed{}$$

INTELLIGENT
PRACTICE.



Dive deeper 1

Match the addition to the equivalent multiplication.

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$2 \times \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \times 3$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5}$$

$$3 \times \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$2 \times \frac{1}{3}$$

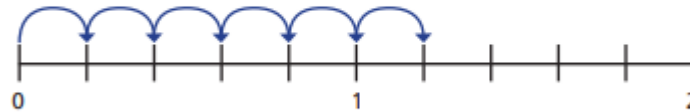
Dive deeper 2

Complete the multiplications.

Use the number lines to help you.

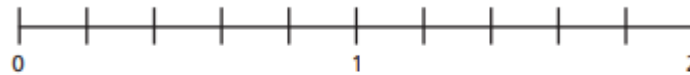
Give each answer as an improper fraction and as a mixed number.

a)



$$6 \times \frac{1}{5} = \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

b)



$$9 \times \frac{1}{5} = \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

Dive deeper 3

Complete the multiplications.

$$\text{a) } 11 \times \frac{1}{10} = \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

$$\text{d) } 11 \times \frac{1}{7} = \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

$$\text{b) } 11 \times \frac{1}{9} = \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

$$\text{e) } 11 \times \frac{1}{6} = \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

$$\text{c) } \frac{1}{8} \times 11 = \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

What do you notice?

Does this pattern continue?



$$3 \times \frac{1}{8} = \boxed{\frac{3}{8}}$$

$$3 \times \frac{1}{10} = \boxed{\frac{3}{10}}$$



$$\frac{1}{8} \times 5 = \boxed{\frac{5}{8}}$$

$$9 \times \frac{1}{10} = \boxed{\frac{9}{10}}$$



$$\frac{1}{5} \times 4 = \boxed{\frac{4}{5}}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \times 8 = \boxed{\frac{8}{9}}$$

INTELLIGENT
PRACTICE.

Dive deeper 1

Match the addition to the equivalent multiplication.

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$2 \times \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \times 3$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5}$$

$$3 \times \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$2 \times \frac{1}{3}$$

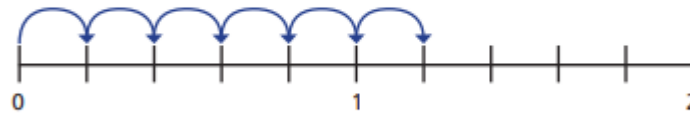
Dive deeper 2

Complete the multiplications.

Use the number lines to help you.

Give each answer as an improper fraction and as a mixed number.

a)



$$6 \times \frac{1}{5} = \boxed{6} = \boxed{1 \frac{1}{5}}$$

b)



$$9 \times \frac{1}{5} = \boxed{} = \boxed{1 \frac{4}{5}}$$

Dive deeper 3

Complete the multiplications.

a) $11 \times \frac{1}{10} = \boxed{} = \boxed{}$

d) $11 \times \frac{1}{7} = \boxed{} = \boxed{}$

b) $11 \times \frac{1}{9} = \boxed{} = \boxed{}$

e) $11 \times \frac{1}{6} = \boxed{} = \boxed{}$

c) $\frac{1}{8} \times 11 = \boxed{} = \boxed{}$

What do you notice?

Does this pattern continue?

DIVE DEEPER