

RECALL – ADDING £ AND P



£1.35



£2.13



£3.22



£4.41



£5.24














£2.50



Pick two different objects.
How much do you pay in total?

Show this using the money place value mats.

Thousands (£)		Hundreds (£)			•	Tens (p)			Ones (p)		
											
2000p (£20)	1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)	100p (£1)		50p	20p	10p	5p	2p	1p
					•						

LO: I CAN ADD IN POUNDS (£) AND PENCE (P) USING COLUMN ADDITION

Page

MODELLED EXAMPLE

Sofia visits a bakery and buys a baguette and a cupcake.



A baguette costs £2.32.



A cupcake costs £1.20.



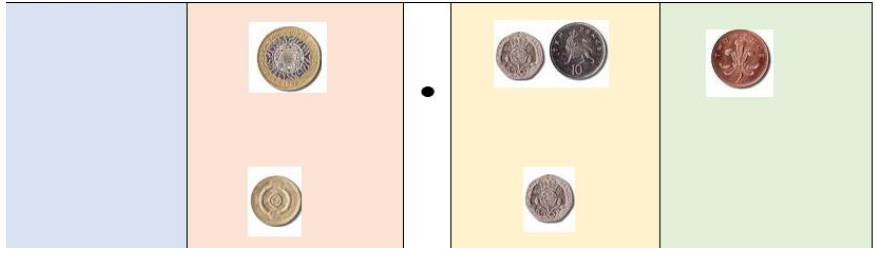
How much does she spend altogether?

$£ 2.32 + £1.20 =$ £

Use coins or draw it out.














Working it out - place value mat



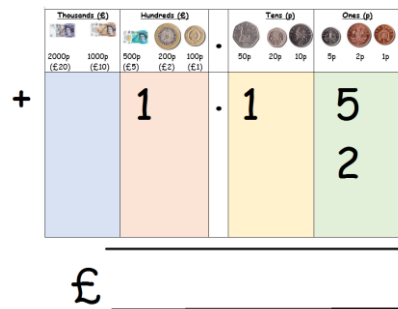
Sofia spent **£ 3.52**

Working it out - column addition

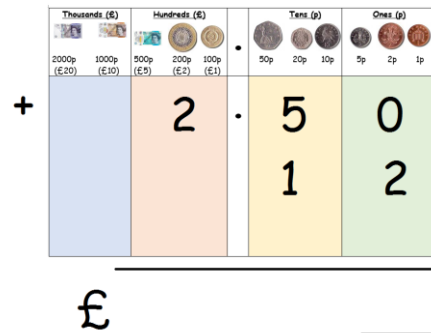
Thousands (£)		Hundreds (£)				Tens (p)			Ones (p)		
					.						
2000p (£20)	1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)	100p (£1)		50p	20p	10p	5p	2p	1p
+		2 1			. .	3 2			2 0		

GUIDED EXAMPLES

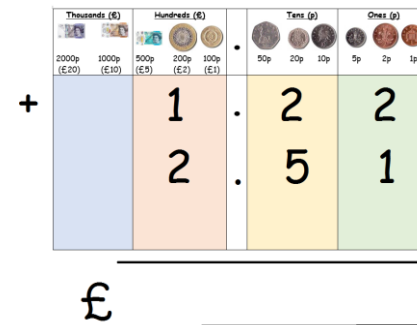
$$£1.15 + 2p$$



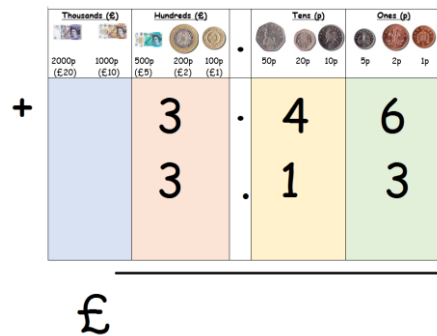
$$£2.50 + 12p$$



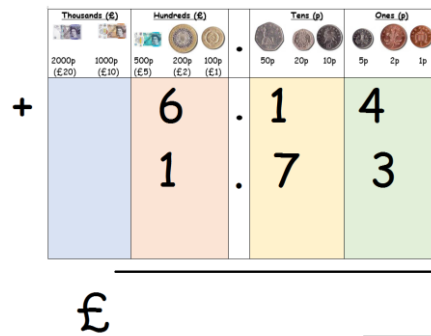
$$£1.22 + £2.51$$



$$£3.46 + £3.13$$



$$£6.14 + £1.73 =$$



Remember




Add the ones first, then the tens. That will give you the pence (p) value.

Next, add the hundreds then any thousands. That will give you the pounds (£) value.

INTELLIGENT PRACTICE



Use the coins.

Adding £-.- to -p 

£1.10 + 2p

Thousands (£)	Hundreds (£)	Tens (p)	Ones (p)
2000p (£20)	1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)
1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)	100p (£1)
50p	20p	10p	5p
2p	1p		

+

	1	1	0
			2

£ _____


£2.52 + 5p

Thousands (£)	Hundreds (£)	Tens (p)	Ones (p)
2000p (£20)	1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)
1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)	100p (£1)
50p	20p	10p	5p
2p	1p		

+

	2	5	2
			5

£ _____

Adding £-.- to --p 

£2.25 + 32p

Thousands (£)	Hundreds (£)	Tens (p)	Ones (p)
2000p (£20)	1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)
1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)	100p (£1)
50p	20p	10p	5p
2p	1p		

+

	2	2	5
		3	2

£ _____


£5.13 + 64p

Thousands (£)	Hundreds (£)	Tens (p)	Ones (p)
5000p (£50)	1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)
1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)	100p (£1)
50p	20p	10p	5p
2p	1p		

+

	5	1	3
		6	4

£ _____

Adding £-.- to £-.- 

£1.50 + £1.25

Thousands (£)	Hundreds (£)	Tens (p)	Ones (p)
2000p (£20)	1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)
1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)	100p (£1)
50p	20p	10p	5p
2p	1p		

+

	1	5	0
	1	2	5

£ _____

£6.47 + £2.32

Thousands (£)	Hundreds (£)	Tens (p)	Ones (p)
6000p (£60)	1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)
1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)	100p (£1)
50p	20p	10p	5p
2p	1p		

+

	6	4	7
	2	3	2

£ _____


Solve £11.47 + £5.31 using column addition.
Explain why you have placed each value in each column.
Explain each step of the process used to solve it.



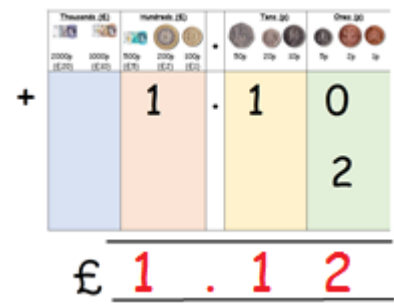
INTELLIGENT PRACTICE



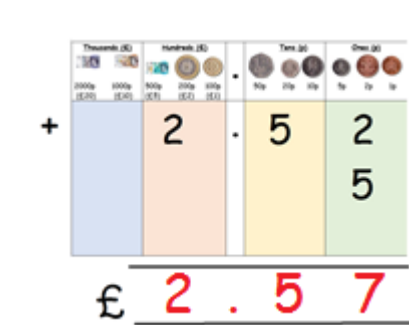
Use the coins.


Adding £-.- to -p 

£1.10 + 2p

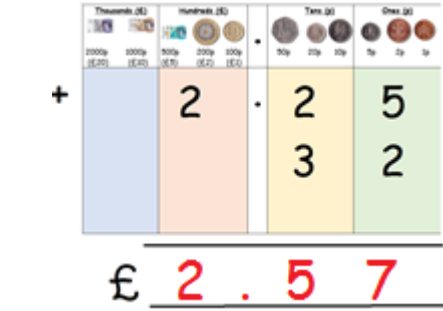


£2.52 + 5p

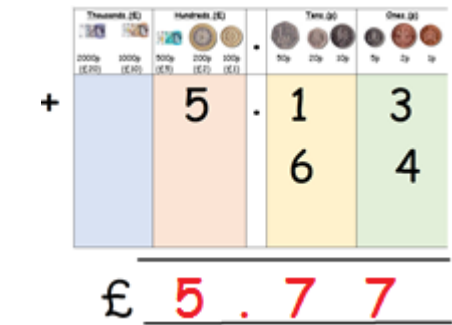



Adding £-.- to --p 

£2.25 + 32p

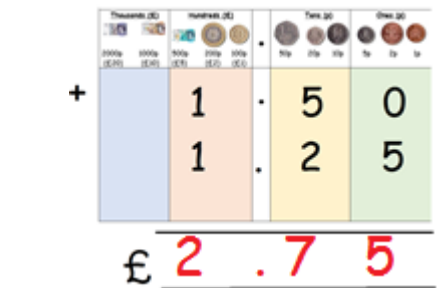


£5.13 + 64p

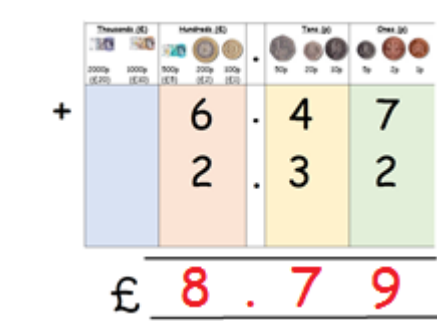


Adding £-.- to £-.- 

£1.50 + £1.25



£6.47 + £2.32



Solve £11.47 + £5.31 using column addition.
Explain each step of the process used to solve it. 

DIVE DEEPER

1
a

The slime costs £3.15.
The teddy bear costs £2.21.
Draw this as coins on the mat below.



Thousands (£)		Hundreds (£)			Tens (p)			Ones (p)		
2000p (£20)	1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)	100p (£1)	50p	20p	10p	5p	2p	1p

b

How much do they cost altogether?

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{£ } 3.15 \\ + \text{£ } 2.21 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2

Solve in your book using column addition.

$$\text{£}2.45 + 4\text{p} = \text{£ } .$$

$$\text{£}4.78 + 11\text{p} = \text{£ } .$$

$$\text{£}5.23 + \text{£}2.34 = \text{£ } .$$

$$\text{£}16.62 + \text{£}3.27 = \text{£ } .$$

3

Work out how much each person spends.
Write the column addition in your maths book.



Please can I buy a strawberry cheesecake and chocolate fudge cake?

£ .



Please can I buy two chocolate chip cookies?

£ .



I spend £6.60.
What two things do I buy?

He buys _____ and _____.

Daisy's Cafe	
Chocolate fudge cake	£2.34
Strawberry cheesecake	£3.51
Flapjack	£1.12
Chocolate chip cookie	£4.26



4

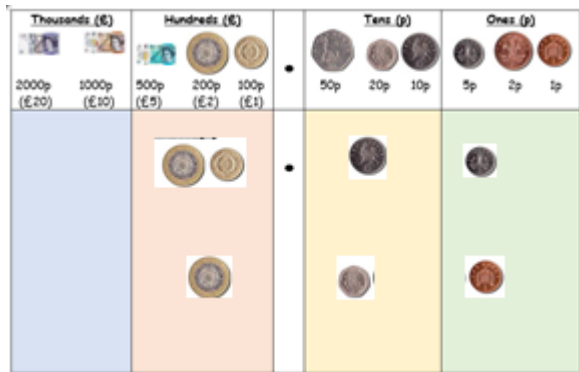
The total is £17.54.
What could the addition question be?



DIVE DEEPER

1
a

The slime costs £3.15.
The teddy bear costs £2.21.
Draw this as coins on the mat below.



b

How much do they cost altogether?

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{£ } 3.15 \\ + \text{£ } 2.21 \\ \hline \text{£ } 5.36 \end{array}$$

2

Solve in your book using column addition.

$$\text{£}2.45 + 4\text{p} = \text{£ } 2.49$$

$$\text{£}4.78 + 11\text{p} = \text{£ } 4.89$$

$$\text{£}5.23 + \text{£}2.34 = \text{£ } 7.57$$

$$\text{£}16.62 + \text{£}3.27 = \text{£ } 19.89$$

3

Work out how much each person spends.
Write the column addition in your maths book.



Please can I buy a strawberry cheesecake and chocolate fudge cake?

£ 5.85



Please can I buy two chocolate chip cookies?

£ 8.52



I spend £6.60.
What two things do I buy?

He buys chocolate fudge cake and chocolate chip cookie.

4

The total is £17.54.
What could the addition question be?



Daisy's Cafe	
Chocolate fudge cake	£2.34
Strawberry cheesecake	£3.51
Flapjack	£1.12
Chocolate chip cookie	£4.26

DIVE DEEPER 2

1

Mo has two wallets. In one wallet he has £7.34 and in the other wallet he has £2.56. Mo thinks that he has over £10. Is he right or wrong? Convince me!

Use your place value to help you.

2

Dexter has two £10 notes, three 50 pence coins, a 20p coin and a 1p coin.












He thinks that this makes £12.12.

Is he correct?

How could you prove this to him?

If Mo and Dexter combined their money, how much would there be in total?
Prove it to me!














Thousands (£)		Hundreds (£)			•	Tens (p)			Ones (p)		
											
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					•						

1 Mo has two wallets. In one wallet he has £7.34 and in the other wallet he has £2.56. Mo thinks that he has over £10. Is he right or wrong? Convince me!
Use your place value to help you.

2 Dexter has two £10 notes, three 50 pence coins, a 20p coin and a 1p coin.
He thinks that this makes £12.12.
Is he correct?
How could you prove this to him?

If Mo and Dexter combined their money, how much would there be in total?
Prove it to me!



Thousands (£)		Hundreds (£)			Tens (p)			Ones (p)		
										
2000p (£20)	1000p (£10)	500p (£5)	200p (£2)	100p (£1)	50p	20p	10p	5p	2p	1p
2	1	9	.	7	9	0	1			
3	1	.		6			1			