

# The Usborne Encyclopaedia of Ancient Egypt

Phase 2 Day 8

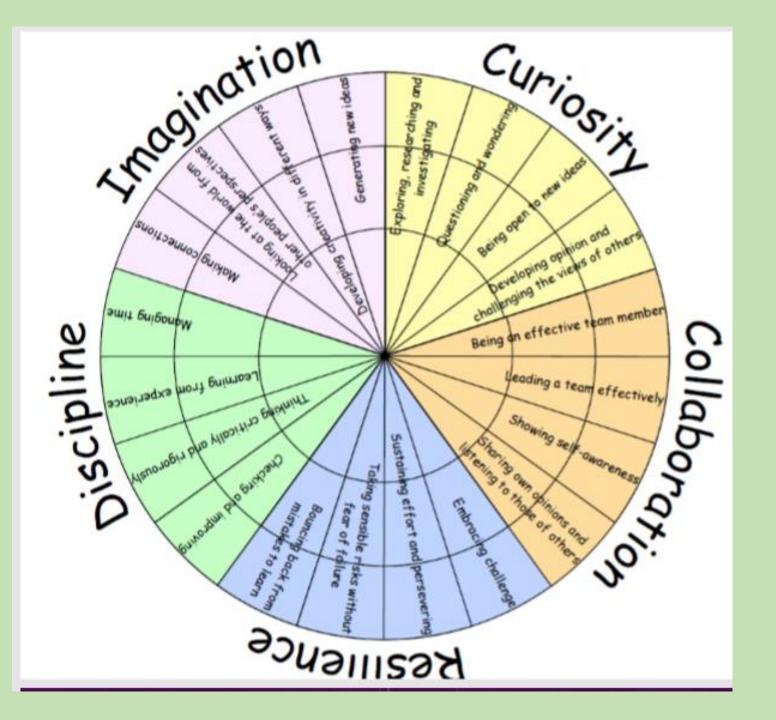
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## LEARNING LADDER AND SKILLS:

- Decoding I can use the context of the sentence to help me to read unfamiliar words.
- **Decoding** I can use knowledge of root words, suffixes and prefixes to read/understand new words.
- Decoding I can read out loud confidently, understanding how to use a range of punctuation.
- Responder I understand why a writer has written a text.
- Language Lover I can discuss/clarify the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary.
- Comprehender I can identify the features of different text types.
- Comprehender I can use a range of organisational features to locate information, such as labels, diagrams and charts.

#### **SKILLS:**

- Decoding the text
- Understanding the content
- Collaborating
- Improving



## LEARNING HABITS:

Which learning habits do you think we will need to use today?

## RECALL:

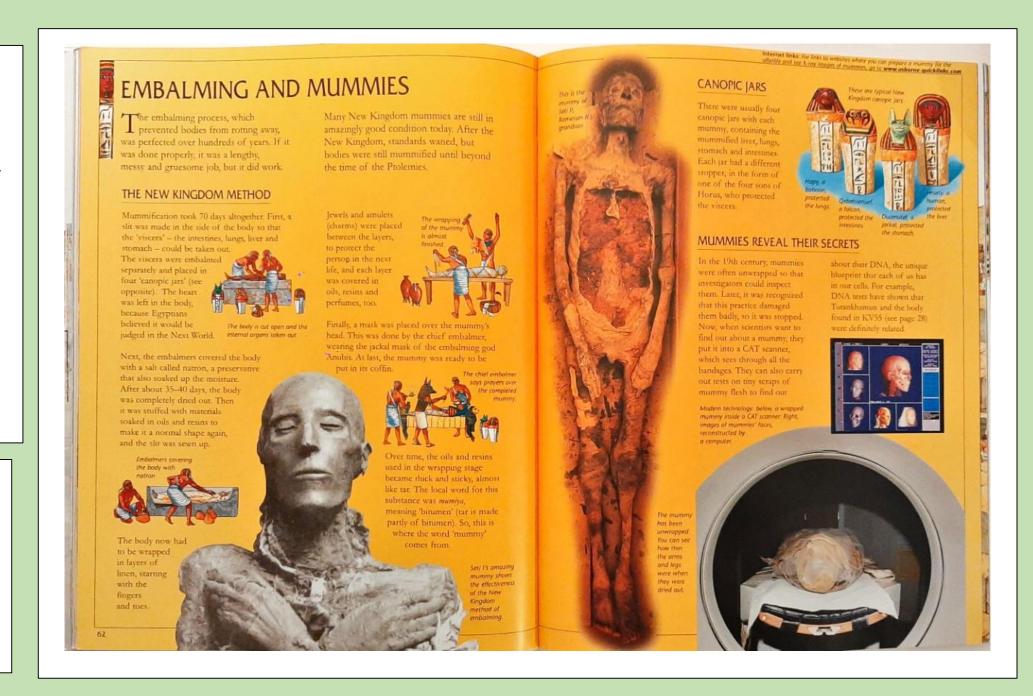
Why is it important to include words that are linked to the subject?

How does it benefit the reader?

What learning habits do you use when reading a story or factual report?

Here is your daily speed read challenge.

Are you even quicker than yesterday?



# BLUEPRINT FOR THE NC REPORT:

STEP	CONTENT	FEATURES
Step 1	Think of a catchy title and three succinct subheadings	<ul> <li>Large-sized, capital letters - title.</li> <li>Medium-sized, underlined, capital letters of subheadings.</li> </ul>
Step 2	Add factual information beneath each subheading.	<ul> <li>Factual information</li> <li>Historical vocabulary (brackets)</li> <li>Subject-specific language</li> <li>Third person (Tutankhamun, he, the body, his mummy)</li> <li>Fronted adverbials for sequence</li> </ul>
Step 3	Present information in different ways	<ul> <li>Detailed diagrams</li> <li>Short descriptive sentence for caption</li> <li>Words for labels</li> <li>Images (sketches, hieroglyphics, photographs)</li> <li>WOW fact box/ Did you know?</li> </ul>

Today we will be looking at the use of brackets in historical text.



Hint - Brackets add more information to help us to understand and can tell us what to do.

## **IDENTIFY**

#### THE NEW KINGDOM METHOD

judged in the Next World.

Mummification took 70 days altogether. First, a slit was made in the side of the body so that the 'viscera' – the intestines, lungs, liver and stomach – could be taken out. The viscera were embalmed separately and placed in four 'canopic jars' (see opposite). The heart was left in the body, because Egyptians

believed it would be

The body is cut open and the

internal organs taken out.

Let's look at this paragraph together.

- 1. Find the brackets in the report.
- 2. What information does it tell you to do?

That's right. It tells us to look at the illustration and caption (picture).

3. When you looked at the picture, did it help you to understand what you had read?

Jewels and amulets (charms) were placed between the layers to protect the person in the next life.

Over time, the oil and resin used in the wrapping stage became thick and sticky, almost like tar. The local word for this substance was mumyia meaning bitumen (tar is made partly of bitumen). So this is where the word mummy comes from.

#### **EXAMINE**

Look at this extract.

What word is found inside the brackets?

Why is it important to explain the word amulets?

How do the brackets help the reader to understand the text?

The explanation for bitumen helped us to know what?

#### **EXAMINE**

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Now look at this extract.		
What specific words has the author used to make his point clear? Make a list of the important words.		
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		

# Marvellous Mars

#### Introduction

Have you ever wanted to find out more about the Red Planet, Mars? If so, this is the report for you!



Mars from Space

#### <u>Appearance</u>

Mars is often called The Red Planet because of its colour. Interesting, it is a special mineral on the planet's surface that causes this colour. Mars' surface is covered in towering mountains and deep craters caused by crashing asteroids and meteorites.

#### <u>Size</u>

Mars is the second smallest planet in our solar system. It is half the size of the Earth. However, because Mars is a desert planet it has the same amount of dry land as the Earth.

Look at this non-chronological report all about Mars.

Read the text before writing down your answers.

What subject specific words are included in this report?

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

## **PRACTISE**

Why has the author used these words?

#### APPLY THE FEATURE

You are showing your best friend how to plant some cress seeds.

What specific words will you need to include? Think about your seed experiment in school.



Now look at this image. What words are needed to explain how to make a sandwich?

