RECALL

$$= 3 + 3 + 3 =$$

$$= 4 \times 4 =$$

$$= 5 \times = 25$$





## **MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION**

SWE use reasoning to explain how they solve problems. SW represent multiplication pictorially and in sentences. MW use symbols to compare total amounts. AW find the total amount of pictures.

12.01.21



## **GUIDED PRACTICE**

### There are 2 in each group. There are 4 groups.



2 x 4 =

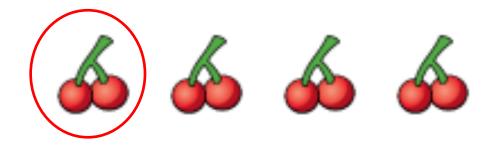
2 lots of 4 =

\_\_\_ multiplied by \_\_\_ =



## **GUIDED PRACTICE**

#### There are 2 in each group. There are 4 groups.



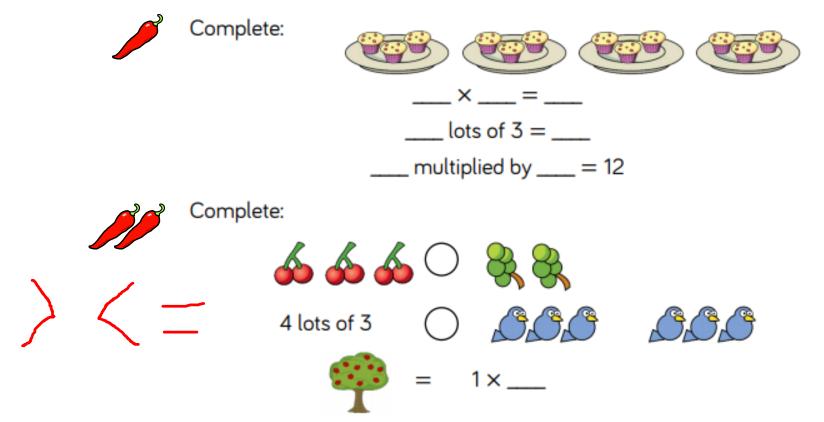
2 x 4 = <mark>8</mark>

2 lots of 4 = 8

2 multiplied by 4 = 8



**INTELLIGENT PRACTICE** 





# INTELLIGENT PRACTICE



# Complete the table.

Picture	Multiplication	Sentence
	4 × 10 = 40	4 lots of 10 is equal to 40
	$35 = 7 \times 5$	
		6 lots of 3 is equal to 18



There are four baskets.

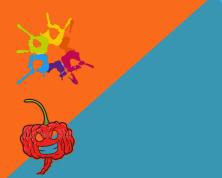
There are three dolls in each basket.

How many dolls are there altogether?

Draw an image and write a calculation to represent the problem.

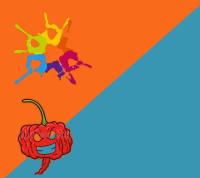
Write a story for the calculation  $4 \times 10$ 

Draw an image to illustrate your story.

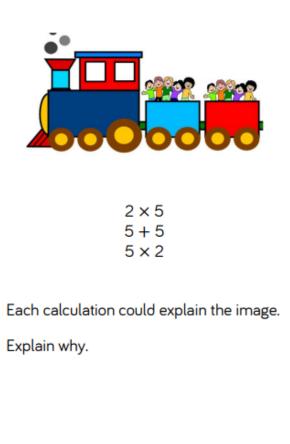




There are four baskets.	The image could
There are three dolls in each basket.	be 4 circles with 3
How many dolls are there altogether?	dots in each.
Draw an image and write a calculation to	The calculation:
represent the problem.	4 × 3 = 12
Write a story for the calculation $4 \times 10$ Draw an image to illustrate your story.	Stories with 4 groups and 10 in each group, for example: Four tables with ten children on each table. Four purses with 10p in each purse.

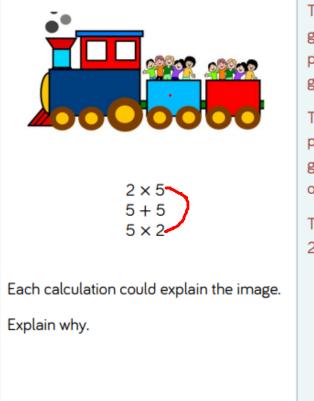












There are 2 groups with 5 people in each group.

There are 5 people in one group and 5 in the other.

There are 5 lots of 2 people.

